Taking Action Against Cancer in the Fire Service

WHAT IMMEDIATE ACTIONS CAN I TAKE TO PROTECT MYSELF?

Use SCBA from initial attack to finish of overhaul. (Not wearing SCBA in both active and post-fire environments is the most dangerous voluntary activity in the fire service today.) Do gross field decon of PPE to remove as much soot and particulates as possible. 3 Use Wet-Nap or baby wipes to remove as much soot as possible from head, neck, jaw, throat, underarms and hands immediately and while still on the scene. Change your clothes and wash them immediately after a fire. 5 Shower thoroughly after a fire. 6 Clean your PPE, gloves, hood and helmet immediately after a fire. Do not take contaminated clothes or PPE home or store it in your vehicle. 8 Decon fire apparatus interior after fires. 9 Keep bunker gear out of living and sleeping guarters. Stop using tobacco products. Use sunscreen or sun block. The importance of annual medical examinations cannot be overstated — early detection and early treatment are essential to increasing survival.

These 11 lifesaving initiatives are excerpted from FCSN's "Taking Action Against Cancer" white paper; it's available free of charge at firefightercancersupport.org.





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